## P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Fifth Semester of B.Sc. Examination
Nov.-Dec.-2020

SSMB3190 - Industrial Microbiology I/ Microbial Biotechnology I

221, Saturday Time: 10:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. Maximum Marks: 60 09.01.2021, Saturday

Q.1	01	Objectives (20MCQ Compulsory-1 mark each)		
6.2	In	In microbial growth cycle, stationary phase is considered as		
1		morosial growth cycle, stationary phase is considered as		
	A	Active growth phase		
	В	Acclimatization phase		
	C	Starvation phase		
	D	None		
	D	None	100	
2		is port of unatroom and		
-	A	is part of upstream process Media preparation		
	B	Media Sterilization		
	C			
		Effluent treatment		
	D	Both A and B		
2				
3		Glycerol can be used assource.		
	A	Carbon		
	В	Nitrogen	- September	
	C	Growth Stimulant		
	D	None		
4		Quantitative analysis of volatile compounds is carried out by		
	A	HPLC		
	В	GC		
	C	TLC		
	D	HPAC		
5		Separation of soluble substances present in solution can be achieved by	week offer-	
	A	Decantation		
	В	Evaporation		
	C	Distillation		
	D	Both B and C		
6		Ammonium sulphate present in medium is responsible for		
	A	Increase in pH		
	В	Decrease in pH		
	C	Neutral pH		
	D	None	-100	
7		The most common starch source used for producing beer is		
	A	Tapioca		
	В	Sorghum		
	C	Cassava		
	D	Malted barley		
8		The organic substances on which enzymes acts are		
	A	Substrates	(A) A	
	В	Coenzymes	-1969 ANT-	
	C	Products		
	D	None		
	_	and the second s		
9		What is Industrial Microbiology?		
-	A	Use of Microorganisms for industrial products		
	В	Use of Microorganisms for modical and		
	C	Use of Microorganisms for medical use		
	D	Use of Microorganisms for agricultural use		
	D	None		

10	The main function of diffuser in fermentor is to provide  A Maximum aeration	1
	B Maximum pH	1
	C Maximum temperature D All of the above	
11	- In or the above	
	The common amino acids produced in industry by microorganisms are  A Lysine	44.6
	B Glutamic acid	
	C Aspartic acid	
	D All	
12	The raw material used for making wine is	
	A Grapes	
	B Orange C Banana	
	D Tapioca	
	D Taploca	-topPlant
13	Microbial growth under in death 1.5	
	Microbial growth under industrial fermentation conditions usually utilizesmetabolism of	
	A Luxury	
	B Rapid	
	C Slow	
	D Co metabolism	
14	Sugar vinegar is made from	35 24
	A Barley malt	學學
	B Molasses	
	C Apple	
	D Ethanol	
15	In submerged fermentation process	
	A Water availability is limited	
	B Microorganisms act at surface only	
	C SSF is used	
	D Stirred tank reactor is used	
16	Glutamic acid is used as	
	A Hair conditioner	
	B Flavor enhancer	
	C Nutritional supplement in animal fodder	
	D All	
17	In microbial faces and a second secon	
1,	In microbial fermentation, antibiotic production occurs during  A Exponential phase	
	B Lag phase	36
	C Decline phase	
	D Stationary phase	
18	The share of the same of the s	
	The characteristic of Secondary metabolite is	
	A It is not formed until microbe has completed its growth phase  B It may be a conversion of primary metabolite	
	C Both A and B	
	D None	
0	Cal	14E-25
9	Solvents arecategory of microbial product	-
	A Pharmaceutical B Commercial	
	C Food product	
	D None	
0	Which of the following is not a desired characteristic of the organism to be used for industrial application?	
	application?	
	A should produce less amount of product	

- B should be readily available C should grow rapidly D should be nonpathogenic

## Section-B (Total Marks - 40)

Q.1 A B C D	Short Notes (attempt all four compulsory- 3 marks each) Write a note on Biofuels What are the advantages of Biopolymer? Give 3 examples of biofertilizers Give the Characteristics of Penicillin	(12)
Q.2 A B	Explain in detail (attempt any four-7 marks each) Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications of Enzyme Immobilization Industrial Strain Preservation	(28)
C D E	Microbial Growth Cycle Cheese making Insulin	44